



**SF - 7665**

**B. E. IV (Sem. VIII) (Civil) Examination**

**May / June - 2011**

**Concrete Technology**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :**

(1)

नीचे दृशावेक निशानीवाणी विगतो उतरवडी पर अवश्य लपवी.  
Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.

Name of the Examination :  
B. E. 4 (SEM. 8) (CIVIL)

Name of the Subject :  
CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY

Subject Code No. : 7 6 6 5 Section No. (1, 2,.....): Nil

Seat No. :

Student's Signature

- (2) Assume suitable data if necessary.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (4) No codes of practice are permitted.
- (5) Programmable calculator is not permitted.

1 Attempt the following questions : (any three) 18

- (1) Explain the importance of sieve analysis for aggregate to calculate the fineness modulus.
- (2) What are the factors that govern the aggregate grading ? Discuss workability of mix in terms of aggregate grading.
- (3) Explain how to determine aggregate crushing value by laboratory test ?
- (4) Discuss the effect of deleterious substances in aggregate strength.

2 Attempt any three questions : 18

- (1) Define workability and explain compacting factor test in detail.
- (2) Write short note on segregation and bleeding of concrete.
- (3) Write short note on ready mix concrete and pumped concrete.
- (4) What is the aim of mixing of concrete ? Classify different types of mixers depend upon the discharge of concrete.

- 3** Attempt the following questions : ( any two) **14**
- (1) State factors affecting strength of the concrete according to Feret, Abram and power.
  - (2) Which are the different methods of curing ? Explain the effect of temperature on curing ?
  - (3) Explain high pressure curing with advantages and disadvantages.
- 4** Attempt any **three** :
- (a) State Bogue's compound and its properties. **6**
  - (b) Distinguish between Rapid Hardening and quick setting cement. **6**
  - (c) Explain initial and final setting time test of cement. **6**
  - (d) What is heat of hydration ? Explain its effect on quality of concrete. **6**
- 5** Attempt any **three** :
- (a) State the various destructive and non destructive tests for hardened concrete and explain any one in detail. **6**
  - (b) What is creep ? State factors affecting creep. **6**
  - (c) Enlist the factors which affect the strength of concrete. Discuss any one in detail. **6**
  - (d) What is sulphate attack ? State the methods to control sulphate attack. **6**
- 6** Design the concrete mix by I. S. method. **14**
- The requirement of concrete mix is as under.
- (i) Grade of concrete = M 25
  - (ii) Standard deviation as per I. S. 456-2000
  - (iii) Degree of workability = 0.9
  - (iv) Type of exposure = mild
  - (v) Maximum size of aggregate = 20mm (Angular)
- The test data of material is as under :
- (i) Specific gravity of cement = 3.15
  - (ii) Grade of cement = 53 grade OPC
  - (iii) Specific gravity of CA = 2.75
  - (iv) Specific gravity of F. A. = 2.65
  - (v) Grading zone of F. A. = zone I
- Use data given in table 1 to 8 wherever required. Also determine the quantity of ingredients required per bag of cement in field if C. A. absorbs 0.5% water and F. A. contains 2.0% free moisture.
- Table : 1 Standard deviation for different grades of concrete

Grade of Concrete		Assumed standard deviation $N/mm^2$
M10/M15		3.5
M20/M25		4.0
M30/M35/M40/M45/ M50		5.0

Table : 2 Values of Tolerance factor "t"

Accepted Proportion of Law Results	Value of "t"
1 in 5	0.84
1 in 10	1.28
1 in 15	1.5
1 in 20	1.65
1 in 40	1.86
1 in 100	2.33

Table : 3 Values of W/C and compressive strength.

Compressive Strength in $N/MM^2$	W / C
20	0.6
25	0.525
30	0.48
35	0.42
40	0.375
45	0.335

Table : 4 Minimum cement content and maximum water cement ratio for different exposure

S.N.	Exposure	Plain concrete			Reinforced concrete		
		Min. cement content $kg/m^2$	Max. Free Water cement Ratio	Min. Grade of Concrete	Min. cement Content $Kg/M^2$	Max. Free Water Cement Ratio	Min. Grade of Concrete
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I	Mild	220	0.60	-	300	0.55	M20
II	Moderate	240	0.60	M15	300	0.50	M25
III	Severe	250	0.50	M20	320	0.45	M30
IV	Very severe	260	0.45	M20	340	0.45	M35
V	Extreme	280	0.40	M25	360	0.40	M40

Table : 5 Approximate entrapped air content.

<i>Maximum size of Aggregate (mm)</i>	<i>Entrapped Air as % of Volume of Aggregate</i>
10	3.0
20	2.0
30	1.0

Table : 6 Approximate sand and water content per cubic metre of concrete W/C = 0.60 workability = 0.80 C.F. For concrete grade upto M35

<i>Maximum Size Of Aggregate (mm)</i>	<i>Water Content including surface water, per Cubic Metre of Concrete(kg)</i>	<i>Sand as percent of Total Aggregate by Absolute Volume</i>
10	200	40
20	186	35
30	165	30

Table : 7 Approximate sand and water content per cubic metre of concrete W/C = 0.35, Workability = 0.80 C.F. For concrete grade upto M35

<i>Maximum Size Of Aggregate (MM)</i>	<i>Water Content including surface water, per cubic Metre of Concrete(kg)</i>	<i>Sand as percent of Total Aggregate by Absolute Volume</i>
10	200	28
20	180	25

Table : 8 Adjustment of values in water content and sand percentage for other conditions.

Change in Conditions Stipulated for Tables	Adjustment Required in	
	Water Content	% Sand in Total Aggregate
For sand conforming to Grading zone I, zone III or zone IV, IS:383-1979	0	+1.5 % for Zone I -1.5 % for Zone II -3.0 % for Zone IV
Increase or decrease in the value of compacting factor by 0.1	(+/-)3%	0
Each 0.5 increase or decrease in water - cement ratio	0	(+/-)1%
For rounded aggregate	(-)15 kg	(-)7%